



**CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH
SUPPLEMENTAL COMMUNICATION
Robin Estanislau, City Clerk
Office of the City Clerk**

TO: Honorable Mayor and City Councilmembers
FROM: Robin Estanislau, City Clerk *RG*
DATE: 10/17/2016
SUBJECT: SUPPLEMENTAL COMMUNICATIONS FOR THE OCTOBER 17, 2016, REGULAR CITY COUNCIL/PFA MEETING AND SPECIAL MEETING OF THE HOUSING AUTHORITY

Attached are the Supplemental Communications to the City Council (received after distribution of the Agenda Packet):

STUDY SESSION

PowerPoint presentation dated October 17, 2016, entitled *2016 Water Master Plan Update*.

PUBLIC HEARING

#9. PowerPoint presentation dated October 17, 2016, entitled *Approve Amendment to 2016/17 HUD Plan*.

ORDINANCES FOR INTRODUCTION

#12. Communication received from Fire Chief Segura submitting corrections and a revised Ordinance No. 4123.

#12. PowerPoint presentation dated October 17, 2016, entitled *Proposed Adoption of the 2016 California Fire Code (CFC) With Local Amendments*.

City of Huntington Beach

2016 WATER MASTER PLAN UPDATE



Importance of Water System



Wells



Reservoirs



Pump
Stations



Pipes



Hydrants



Meters



Foods



Health



Economy



Recreation



Aesthetic



Fire
Protection



Future



Vital Services



Drinking

Cost To Replace Our Water Infrastructure?



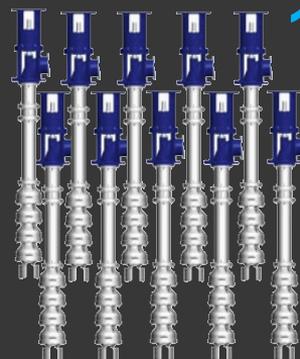
- 4 Reservoirs/Tank
- 3 Zone 1 Boosters
- 2 Zone 2 Boosters

\$110 M



611 Miles of Large & Distribution Mains

\$900 M

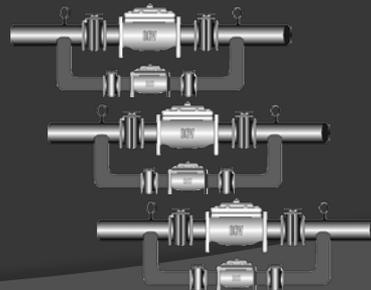


10 Wells (8 Active)

\$50 M

3 Import Connections

\$5 M



20 Miles of Shared Large Mains

\$80 M

Cost To Replace Our Water Infrastructure? (Con't)

53,091

Meter Connections

\$220 M



Yard, Trucks,
Equipment, etc

\$20 M



5,801

Public Hydrants

\$29 M



17,749

Large Valves

\$20 M

Over \$1.4 Billion

Water Master Plan Need and Purpose



**New Reservoirs &
Booster Stations**

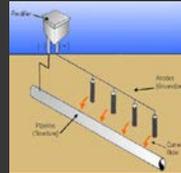
**New
Wells**



**Main Replacements
and Extensions**



**Treatment and
Improvements**



**Corrosion Control
(Multi-Phases)**



**Transmission Main
Replacement and New**

**Maintain a Reliable
Water Infrastructure**



**Financially Sustainable
into the Future**

Examples of Aging Infrastructure

Lost 2 of 10 Wells



OC-44
Leak Repair

Sunset Beach Main
Extensions & Replacements



405 Fwy
Widening

Old AC & Cast Iron
Pipe Replacement



Water Odor
Treatment

WMP Addresses These Infrastructure Needs

What Topics are Covered in the Water Master Plan?



1. City Characteristics and Projected Growth



2. Water Demand



3. Supply & Reliability

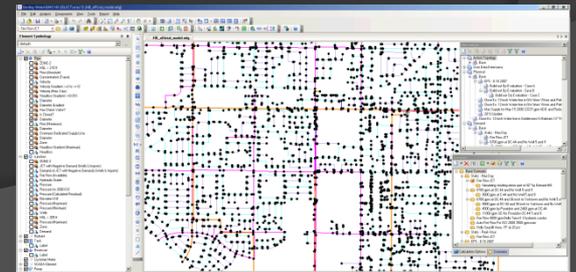
4. Facilities & Operation



5. Storage & Emergency Supply



6. Hydraulic Modeling



What Topics are Covered in the Water Master Plan? (Con't)



7. Capital Improvement Program



8. Asset Management



Highlight of Completed WMP Projects Since 1995

-  Corrosion Control 10 Miles of Transmission Main ~\$6.7M
-  Chlorine Tank Containment At Well 6, 7, 9, 10 & 13 ~\$1M
-  New 3.5 Miles of OC-9 Transmission Main ~\$7.8M
-  Downtown Cast Iron Main Replacement 7 Miles ~\$12.1M
-  Overmyer Booster/ Reservoir Renovation 20 MG ~\$7.5M
-  Water Well 12 ~\$2.5M
-  New Springdale Reservoir 9 MG ~\$7M
-  Southeast Reservoir Site Acquired 4.5 Acres ~\$0.4M

Total Value of \$63M

WMP Project Categories & Costs

(7 Existing from 2012 WMP + 37 New from 2016 WMP = 44 Projects/Programs)

Production

14



Main Replacement

10



Distribution

7



Corrosion Control

3



Security

7



Studies

3



44 Projects/Programs at a value of **\$128.2 M** Over 20 Years

Strategic Planning Goal: Enhance and maintain infrastructure

Immediate Needs

The 2016 Water Master Plan Update

Identifies the Following Projects & Programs as Highest Priority

Production

5



Main Replacement

5



Distribution

2



Corrosion Control

1



Security

1



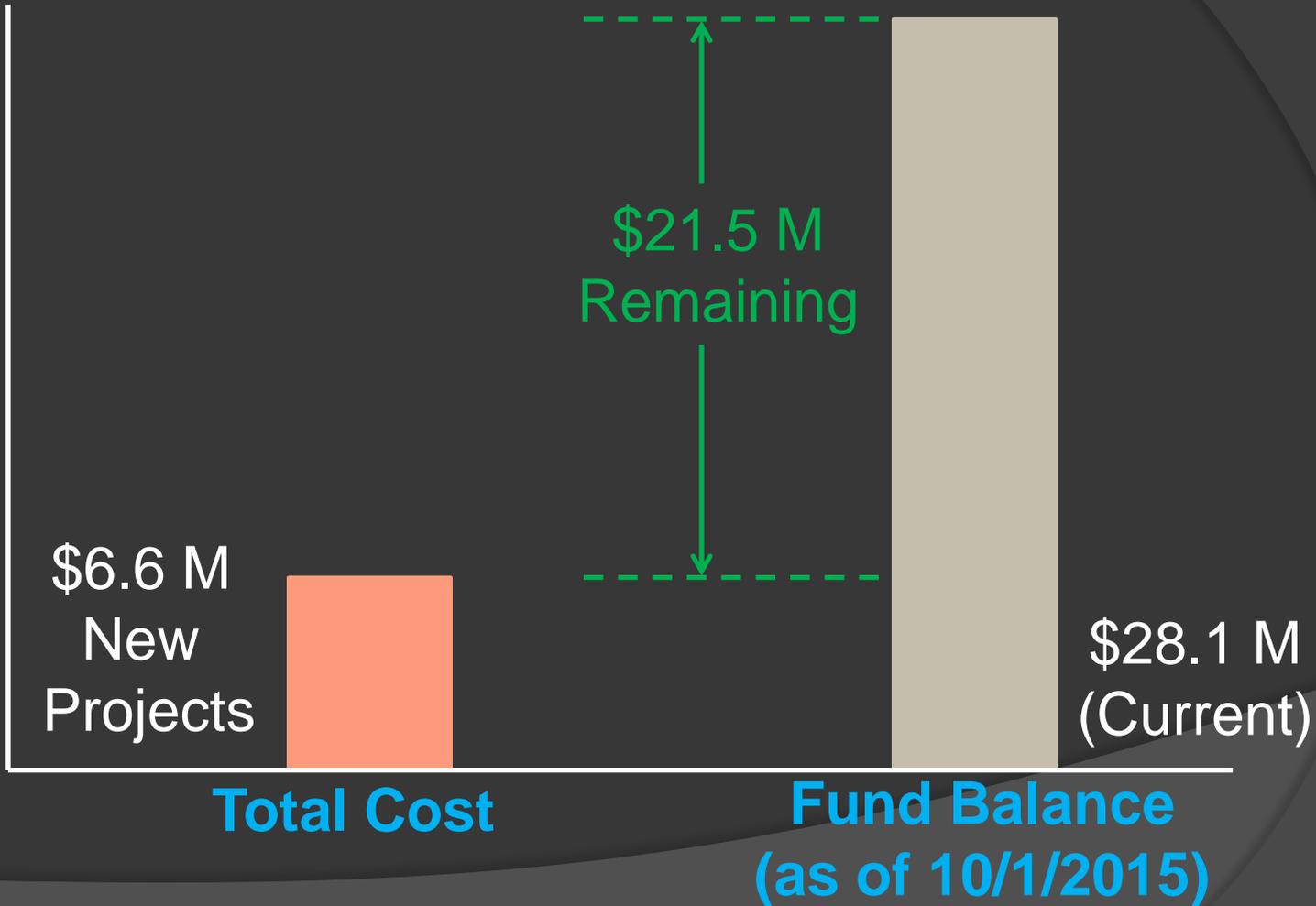
14 Immediate Needs

\$6.6 M

For FY 2016/17 CIP

Water Master Plan Fund Balance

\$
Millions



Next Steps

The Water Master Plan will be on the Agenda for the November 7th council meeting with a staff recommendation for adoption

Future Water Master Plan Fund Needs

\$
Millions



\$154.4 M
Projected
Deficit Over
20 Years

\$28.1 M
(Current)

If Water Master Plan is Adopted

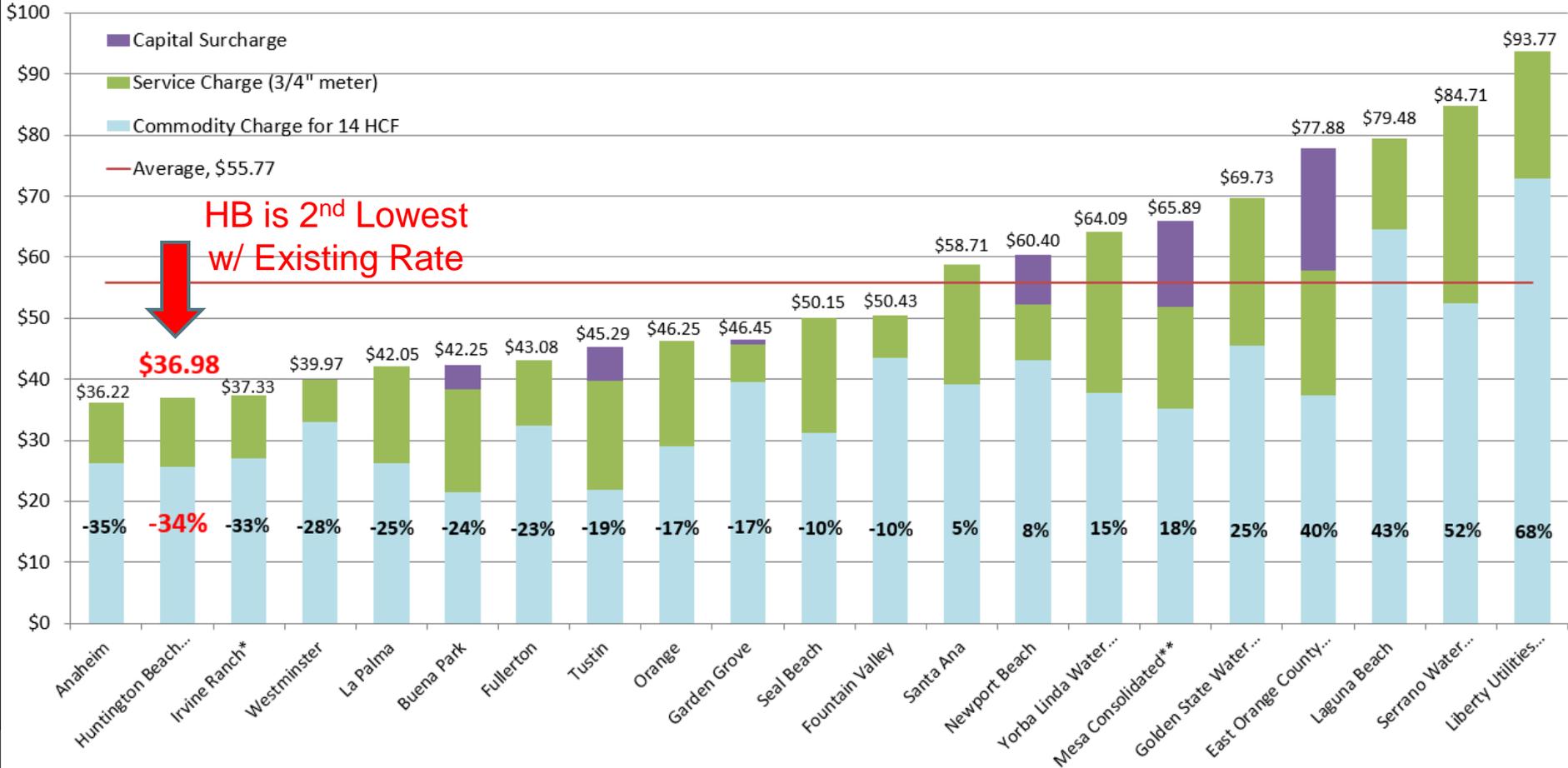
Staff will return in the future with a Financial Plan to evaluate several funding scenarios for future projects identified in the Water Master Plan

Questions?



- ◎ INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
- ◎ SLIDES AFTER THIS ARE FOR Q&A ONLY

Regional Bill Comparison (3/4" Meter) - 14 HCF (SUMMER MONTH)



Summary of Projects from 2012 WMP

Completed

Pipeline
Corrosion
II



Cast Iron
Main
Replacement



Under Design

(High Priority)

Beach Blvd
Pipeline
&
Fire Protection
Improvements



Well 1
Replacement



Deferred

Southeast Reservoir/
Booster Station
&
Well 13 Permanent
Wellhead



Southeast
Transmission Main
&
New Connection to
Overmyer



Staff Recommendation to Council

Adopt the 2016 Water Master Plan Projects to be implemented by using Water Master Plan Funds. No Council action is requested at this time to reinstate or implement a funding mechanism to replenish the Water Master Plan Fund.

2016 WMP Projects – Production

Project # from 2016 WMP	Production Project/Program Name	Total Estimated Cost (Uninflated)
12	<i>Well 13 Permanent Wellhead</i>	\$2,000,000
13	<i>Southeast Res. & Booster PS</i>	\$19,245,000
NA	<i>Well 1 Replacement</i>	\$4,250,000
22	Peck Booster Dual Drive and Well 7 Security	\$1,500,000
24	Well #9 Hydrogen Sulfide Odor Treatment	\$2,300,000
27	New Well #14 by McFadden Avenue and Gothard Street	\$5,000,000
29	New Well #15 in Ex-Navy Easement by Edwards Street	\$5,000,000
30	New Well #16 in Ex-Navy Easement by Goldenwest Street	\$5,000,000
39	Water Well #6 Hydrogen Sulfide Odor and Color Treatment	\$4,000,000
40	Water Well #8 Hydrogen Sulfide Odor and Color Treatment	\$4,000,000
41	Talbert Lake Irrigation Project	\$750,000
50	Water Production System Improvements	\$2,200,000
56	Overmyer Booster Station Dual Drive	\$2,000,000
57	Peck Reservoir Roof Relplacement	\$2,000,000
Total		\$59,245,000

2016 WMP Projects – Main Replacement

Project # from 2016 WMP	Main Replacement Project/Program Name	Total Estimated Cost (Uninflated)
21	OC-44 San Diego Creek Crossing Rehab via Pipeline Sliplining - Phase I (City portion only)	\$1,035,000
25	WOCWB OC-35 33" Pipe Replacement by Westminster Blvd and Springdale Street (City portion only)	\$1,785,000
32	Aging Pipe Replacements - Primarily Asbestos Cement Pipe (25 miles, or approx. 5% of total in the City)	\$32,500,000
33	Sunset Beach Water Main Replacement Phase III	\$2,000,000
34	8" Pipe Replacement in Admiralty Bridge	\$100,000
35	8" Pipe Replacement in Humboldt Bridge	\$100,000
36	OC-9 22" Pipe Replacement by I-405 and Newland (Expecting OCTA Pays)	\$0
37	12" Pipe in Replacement In Bridge by Beach Blvd and Edinger Avenue (Expecting OCTA Pays)	\$0
38	8" Pipe in Replacement In Bridge by Sugar Avenue and McFadden Avenue	\$475,000
55	OC-44 San Diego Creek Crossing Rehab Pipeline Scour Protection - Phase II (City portion only)	\$662,400
Total		\$38,657,400

2016 WMP Projects – Distribution

Project # from 2016 WMP	Distribution Project/Program Name	Total Estimated Cost (Uninflated)
1	<i>Beach Blvd. Pipeline Imps.</i>	\$700,000
14	<i>Southeast Res. Trans. Main</i>	\$5,858,000
14A	<i>New Connection - Overmyer to SE TM</i>	\$5,949,900
16	<i>Fire Protection Improvements</i>	\$300,000
23	Bolsa Chica 8" Water Main Extension	\$200,000
28	Ex-Navy Easement Well Collection Pipeline (1.3 miles 24" to 30" pipe)	\$4,000,000
48	Water Distribution Improvements	\$2,200,000
Total		\$19,207,900

2016 WMP Projects – Corrosion Control

Project # from 2016 WMP	Corrosion Control Project/Program Name	Total Estimated Cost (Uninflated)
49	Water System Corrosion Control	\$1,100,000
53	8.6 Miles OC-44 Rehabilitation and Corrosion Control (City portion only)	\$4,140,000
54	WOCWB 5.3 Miles OC-9 and 6.0 Miles OC-35 Rehabilitation and Corrosion Control (City portion only)	\$3,412,500
	Total	\$8,652,500

2016 WMP Projects – Securities

Project # from 2016 WMP	Security Project/Program Name	Total Estimated Cost (Uninflated)
31	Water Security Improvements at Peck and Well #13	\$600,000
43	Water Security Improvements at Well #3A	\$150,000
44	Water Security Improvements at Well #6	\$150,000
45	Water Security Improvements at Well #8	\$150,000
46	Water Security Improvements at Well #9	\$150,000
47	Water Security Improvements at Well #10	\$150,000
58	Water Facilities Security Improvements	\$500,000
	Total	\$1,850,000

2016 WMP Projects – Engineering Study

Project # from 2016 WMP	Engineering Study Name	Total Estimated Cost (Uninflated)
42	Groundwater Master Plan	\$150,000
51	Water Master Plan and Financial Plan Update (Next 5 Year Cycle)	\$200,000
52	Urban Water Management Plan (Next 5 Year Cycle)	\$200,000
Total		\$550,000

City of Huntington Beach

October 17, 2016

**APPROVE AMENDMENT TO
2016/17 HUD PLAN**

2016-17 HUD ACTION PLAN

- In July 2016, the City Council approved the current Action Plan
 - Action Plan set forth the funding of CDBG projects – including public services, public works projects, code enforcement and other eligible activities
 - Action Plan stated, HOME projects would be brought back to City Council

HOME PROJECTS

- City issued a Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA)
- A qualified local Community Development Housing Organization (CHDO) was sought
- City was looking for housing projects/programs

RECOMMENDED PROJECTS

- 3 housing projects were received
- OCCHC submitted for a 4 unit project
- Acquisition and Rehabilitation
- 7792 Barton Drive (Oak view area)
 - Four new units restricted for: (2) very low; (2) low income
- \$781,220 in HOME Funds

RECOMMENDED PROJECTS

- Mercy House submitted previously for a Tenant Based Rental Assistance Program (TBRA)
- Interval currently is administering a TBRA Program – 12 people/families are being assisted (just commenced 2nd year)
- Mercy's Tenant Based Rental Assistance:
 - Help to house 17 additional seniors, veterans and homeless
 - Low- or very-low income – with a majority being homeless
 - Provide wrap-around services to help the clients
 - \$389,128 in HOME Funds

APPROVAL OF AMENDMENT

- The City Council is asked to approve the Amendment to the Action Plan to allow for these program/project
- Meets the goals identified in the City's 2015-19 HUD Consolidated Plan

QUESTIONS



CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH
INTER-DEPARTMENT COMMUNICATION

To: City Council

From: Fred Wilson, City Manager

Prepared By: David A. Segura, Fire Chief *DS*

Date: October 17, 2016

**SUBJECT: Supplemental Communication for Ordinances for Introduction Item No. 12
– Ordinance No. 4123 Amending the Huntington Beach Municipal Code
Chapter 17.56 Regarding the Adoption of the California Fire Code, 2016
Edition**

Ordinance No. 4123, Section 17.56.610, requires the replacement of pages 5, 18 and 21. This is to correct the reference to the location of the Fire Code (page 5), correct the requirement for standpipes in construction (page 18) and to reflect the corrected date of September 21 as the effective date of City Specification #429 (page 21). Accordingly, the revised Ordinance is reprinted and attached.

Attachment:
Ordinance No. 4123

**SUPPLEMENTAL
COMMUNICATION**

Meeting Date: 10-17-2016

Agenda Item No.: 12

ORDINANCE NO. 4123

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH AMENDING
CHAPTER 17.56 OF THE HUNTINGTON BEACH MUNICIPAL CODE
ADOPTING THE CALIFORNIA FIRE CODE

WHEREAS, Section 17958.5 of the California *Health and Safety Code* permits the City to make changes or modifications to the California Fire Code as such changes or modifications are reasonably necessary because of local climatic, geographic or topographical conditions; and

The Fire Chief of the City of Huntington Beach has recommended that the California Fire Code be adopted by the City with certain changes or modifications which are necessary to meet local climatic, geographical or topographical conditions.

The City Council of the City of Huntington Beach does hereby ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. Findings. The following findings are hereby adopted in support of Chapter 17.56 of the Huntington Beach Municipal Code and the amendments thereto. The findings shall not be codified.

FINDINGS

The City of Huntington Beach is aware that due to climatic, geological and topographical conditions, there is potential for disasters and major fires within the City. The applicable finding for each amendment, addition, or deletion from the California Fire Code (CFC) is listed in Section 2 of this ordinance.

CLIMATIC CONDITIONS

1. Hot, dry, high velocity winds (called Santa Ana winds) are common in the area. These winds reduce the relative humidity causing severe drying of the vegetation and common building materials. These dry conditions predispose the area to large destructive fires (conflagration).
2. The local climate is currently in a drought condition. Dry climatic conditions can create the potential for the rapid spread of fire in both vegetation and structures. The addition of fire protection systems will supplement the Fire Department response by providing immediate protection for the building occupants and by containing or controlling the spread of fire. Fire sprinkler systems also provide an efficient use of water for the control and containment of fires.
3. The southern boundary of the City is along the Pacific Ocean. Winter storms and tropical storms come into the City from the ocean. These storms can create high winds and large ocean waves, which can cause flooding in large areas of the city. Along part of the eastern boundary of the City is the Santa Ana River. This river originates in the San Bernardino Mountains and flows through many communities until it terminates in the ocean at the Huntington Beach/Newport Beach border.

The river is contained in a man-made channel. Heavy rainfall and urban runoff has potential to cause flooding in the flood plain due to the river and/or its tributaries.

GEOLOGICAL CONDITIONS

4. The City of Huntington Beach is located in an area of high seismic activity. The Newport-Inglewood Fault runs through the City, which is the largest of several faults. Studies reveal that this fault has the probability of generating a 6.6 magnitude earthquake. Because of the population density and the number of structures in the City, the risk of life loss and property damage due to earthquake activity is considerable.
5. Major earthquakes are always accompanied by the disruption of traffic flow. Fires caused by damaged flammable gas piping; ruptured fuel storage tanks and electrical arcing are probable. The Fire Department responses to fires and other emergencies may be compromised. The presence of built-in fire protection systems and regulation of tank installations provide an added degree of protection for the community.
6. According to the City Hazard Mitigation Plan (2012), the City has large portions in the tsunami hazard zone subject to tsunami inundation, areas on land that can become quickly flooded when there is a tsunami. These flood conditions would impact the response and activity level of the Fire Department.
7. Much of the City is deemed to be a methane district due to the natural detritus of organic matter in the Huntington Beach Oil Field, which was first discovered in 1920 and from which there was approximately 2.4 million barrels of oil and approximately 1.1 million cubic feet of gas produced in 2015. This hazard presents a unique threat to the City and has the potential to cause fire, or environmental emergencies.

TOPOGRAPHICAL CONDITIONS

8. The City has a population of 201,919 people in 27 square miles. The daytime population increases significantly in the summer due to beach related activities; the City hosts more than 16 million beach visitors each year.
9. Heavy traffic is common on the City streets and roadways. There are two state highways (Beach Boulevard with 94,000 vehicles/day and Pacific Coast Highway with 43,000 vehicles/day) and a major freeway (I-405 with 250,000 vehicles/day) routed through the City.
10. There are also numerous narrow alleys and cul-de-sacs present. The ability for fire apparatus access is critical for timely emergency response. The regulation of these access routes is necessary to help provide reasonable response times.
11. The southeast border of the city is the Pacific Ocean, which prevents mutual aid responses from 1/3 of the perimeter of the city.

Section	Justification	Amended	Added	Deleted
101.1	Administrative			
105.4	Administrative			
105.4.2.1	Administrative			
108.1	Administrative			
109.4	Administrative			
202 – Containment Vessel	4, 5, 6, 8, 9	X		
320	7, 8		X	
321	8		X	
503.1.1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
503.2.1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11			
503.2.3	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
503.2.4	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
503.2.5	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
503.6	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
505.1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
506.1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
507.1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
507.5	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
507.5.7	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10			
510.6.1	4, 5, 8, 10			
606.10.1.2	4, 5, 8, 9	X		
901.6	4, 5, 7, 8	X		
901.6.2.2	2, 4, 5, 6, 9		X	
903.2	2, 4, 5, 6, 9	X		
903.2.1.8	2, 4, 5, 6, 9		X	
903.2.4	2, 4, 5, 6, 9	X		
903.3.1.1.1	2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9	X		
903.3.5.3	2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9		X	
903.4	2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9	X		
907.1	2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9	X		
914.2.1	2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11	X		
914.3.1	2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9	X		
914.6.1	2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9	X		
1103.5	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10	X		
1103.5.5	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10		X	
1103.7	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10	X		
1103.7.10	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10		X	
2306.2.3	3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11	X		
2306.2.4.1	3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11	X		
2306.2.4.2	3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11	X		
2306.2.6	3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11	X		
3310.1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10	X		
3312.1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11	X		
3313.1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11	X		
3314.1.1	1, 5, 8, 9, 11		X	
3318	1, 5, 8, 9, 11		X	
5003.3.1.4	3, 4, 6	X		

Section	Justification	Amended	Added	Deleted
5704.2.9.6.1	4, 5, 6, 8	X		
5704.2.11.1	4, 5, 6, 8	X		
5704.2.13.1.4	3, 6, 7	X		
5705.3.3	1, 2, 8	X		
5705.3.7.5.1	1, 2, 3	X		
5706.2.4.4	4, 5, 6, 8	X		
5706.3	7, 8, 9	X		
5801.1.1.	7		X	
5806.2	4, 5, 6, 8	X		
6104.2	4, 5, 6, 8	X		
Chapter 80 Reference Standards				
NFPA 13 - 6.7.2	1, 2, 5, 8, 9, 10	X		
NFPA 13 - 8.17.1.1.1	1, 2, 4, 5, 8		X	
NFPA 13 - 8.17.2.4.6	1, 2, 8, 9, 10	X		
NFPA 13 - 22.1.3 (43)	1, 2, 5, 8, 9, 10	X		
NFPA 13D - 4.1.5	1, 2, 5, 8, 9, 10		X	
NFPA 13D- 7.1.2	1, 2, 4, 5	X		
NFPA 13D- 7.3	1, 2, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11	X		
NFPA 13D- 7.3.1	8			X
NFPA 13D- 7.6	1, 2, 4, 5, 8	X		
NFPA 13D- 6.16.1	1, 2, 4, 5, 8	X		
NFPA 14- 6.4.5.4.1	1, 2, 4, 5, 8	X		
NFPA 24- 5.9.1.3	1, 2, 4, 5, 8	X		
NFPA 24- 5.9.1.3.1	1, 2, 4, 5, 8		X	
NFPA 24- 6.2.1.1	1, 2, 4, 5, 8		X	
NFPA 24- 6.2.9 (5)	1, 2, 4, 5, 8			X
NFPA 24- 6.2.9 (6)	1, 2, 4, 5, 8	X		
NFPA 24- 6.2.9 (7)	8, 9, 10			X
NFPA 24- 6.3.3	1, 2, 4, 5, 8		X	
NFPA 24- 10.1.1.3.2	1, 2, 4, 5, 8		X	
NFPA 24- 10.4.1.1	4, 7	X		
NFPA 24- 10.4.1.4	4, 7		X	
NFPA 24- 10.4.3.1	4, 7	X		
NFPA 72- 14.2.2.2.3	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11	X		
NFPA 72- 14.6.2.1	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10	X		
NFPA 72- 14.6.2.1.1	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10		X	
NFPA 72- 23.8.2.2	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11	X		
NFPA 72- 23.8.2.3	8, 10			X
NFPA 72- 26.2.7.1	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11	X		
Appendix B – B105.1	2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9	X		

SECTION 2. Effective January 1, 2017, Chapter 17.56 of the Huntington Beach Municipal Code is repealed in its entirety and replaced as follows.

17.56.010 Adoption An ordinance of the City of Huntington adopting the 2015 edition of the *International Fire Code*, regulating and governing the safeguarding of life and property from fire and explosion hazards arising from the storage, handling and use of hazardous substances, materials and devices, and from conditions hazardous to life or

property in the occupancy of buildings and premises in the City of Huntington Beach; providing for the issuance of permits and collection of fees therefor; repealing Ordinance No. 3991 of the City of Huntington Beach and all other ordinances or parts of laws in conflict therewith.

Section 1. That a certain document, three (3) copies of which are on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Huntington Beach, being marked and designated as the *California Fire Code*, 2016 edition, including all omissions in Chapter 1, Division II, Chapter 3, Chapter 11, Chapter 25, Chapter 26, and Appendix Chapters E, F, G, and H (see *California Fire Code* Section 101.2.1, 2015 edition), as published by the International Code Council, be and is hereby adopted as the Fire Code of the Huntington Beach, in the State of California regulating and governing the safeguarding of life and property from fire and explosion hazards arising from the storage, handling and use of hazardous substances, materials and devices, and from conditions hazardous to life or property in the occupancy of buildings and premises as herein provided; providing for the issuance of permits and collection of fees therefor; and each and all of the regulations, provisions, penalties, conditions and terms of said Fire Code on file in the City of Huntington Beach are hereby referred to, adopted, and made a part hereof, as if fully set out in this legislation, with the additions, insertions, deletions and changes, if any, prescribed in Section 2 of this ordinance.

Section 2. That Ordinance No. 3991 of City of Huntington Beach entitled An Ordinance of the City of Huntington Beach Amending Chapter 17.56 of the Huntington Beach Municipal Code Adopting the California Fire Code and all other ordinances or parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 3. That if any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this legislation is, for any reason, held to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this ordinance. The City Council hereby declares that it would have passed this law, and each section, subsection, clause or phrase thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses and phrases be declared unconstitutional.

Section 4. That nothing in this legislation or in the Fire Code hereby adopted shall be construed to affect any suit or proceeding impending in any court, or any rights acquired, or liability incurred, or any cause or causes of action acquired or existing, under any act or ordinance hereby repealed as cited in Section 4 of this law; nor shall any just or legal right or remedy of any character be lost, impaired or affected by this legislation.

Section 6. That the City Clerk is hereby ordered and directed to cause this legislation to be published.

Section 7. That this law and the rules, regulations, provisions, requirements, orders and matters established and adopted hereby shall take effect and be in

full force and effect January 1, 2017 from and after the date of its final passage and adoption.

17.56.020 Definition. Wherever the word "jurisdiction" is used in the Fire Code as a reference to a location, it shall mean the City of Huntington Beach.

17.56.030 CFC Section [A] 101.1 Title, Amended. These regulations shall be known as the Fire Code of the City of Huntington Beach, hereinafter referred to as "this code."

17.56.040 CFC Section [A] 105.4 Construction documents, Amended. Construction documents shall be in accordance with this section. Included shall be copies of material data sheets on all listed system equipment, including but not limited to valves, sprinklers, escutcheons, switches, detectors, horns, strobes, batteries, control panels and water supply data and calculations. The fire code official reserves the right to request additional information when such information is considered necessary to determine compliance with the code and appropriate standards.

17.56.050 CFC Section [A] CFC Section 105.4.2.1 Fire Protection system shop drawings, Amended. Shop drawings for the fire protection system(s) shall be submitted to indicate compliance with this code and the construction documents, and shall be approved prior to the start of installation. Shop drawings shall contain all information as required by the referenced installation standards in Chapter 9. Shop drawings are required for any fire protection system that is to be installed or modified, regardless of the number of sprinkler heads, alarm devices or nozzles involved, or the dollar value of the work.

17.56.060 CFC Section [A] 108.1 Board of appeals established, Amended. In order to hear and decide appeals of orders, decisions or determinations made by the fire code official relative to the application and interpretation of this code, there may be created a board of appeals. The board of appeals shall be appointed by the City Council and shall hold office at its pleasure. The fire code official shall be an ex officio member of said board but shall have no vote on any matter before the board. The board shall adopt rules of procedure for conducting its business, and shall render all decisions and findings in writing to the appellant with a duplicate copy to the fire code official.

17.56.070 CFC Section [A] 109.4 Violation Penalties, Amended. Persons who shall violate a provision of this code or shall fail to comply with any of the requirements thereof or who shall erect, install, alter, repair or do work in violation of the approved construction documents or directive of the fire code official, or of a permit or certificate used under provisions of this code shall be guilty of a misdemeanor as prescribed in Chapter 1.16 of the Huntington Beach Municipal Code. Each day that a violation continues after due notice has been served shall be deemed a separate offense.

17.56.080 CFC Section CONTAINMENT VESSEL, Amended. A gas-tight Department of Transportation-transportable recovery vessel designed so that a leaking compressed gas container can be placed within its confines thereby encapsulating the leaking container.

17.56.090 CFC Section 320, Development on or near land containing or emitting toxic, combustible or flammable liquids, gases or vapors, Added

**SECTION 320
DEVELOPMENT ON OR NEAR LAND CONTAINING OR EMITTING
TOXIC, COMBUSTIBLE OR FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, GASES OR
VAPORS, Added**

17.56.100 CFC Section 320.1 Geological studies, evaluations and reports, Added.

The fire code official may require the submittal for approval of geological studies, evaluations, reports remedial recommendations and/or similar documentation from a state licensed and department-approved individual or firm on any parcel of land to be developed which has, or is adjacent to, or within 1000 feet of a parcel of land that has an active or abandoned oil or gas well operation, petroleum or chemical refining facility, petroleum or chemical storage, or may contain or give off toxic, combustible or flammable liquids, gases or vapors.

17.56.110 CFC Section 321 Parade floats, Added

**CFC SECTION 321
PARADE FLOATS, Added**

17.56.120 CFC Section 321.1 Decorative materials, Added. Decorative materials on parade floats shall be non-combustible or flame retardant.

17.56.130 CFC Section 321.2 Fire protection, Added. Motorized parade floats and towing apparatus shall be provided with a minimum 2A10BC rated portable fire extinguisher readily accessible to the operator.

17.56.140 CFC Section 321.3 Engine exhaust, Added. Motorized parade floats shall be provided with an engine exhaust system that is capable of carrying the exhaust product away from any enclosed spaces to the open air.

17.56.150 CFC Section 503.1.1 Buildings and facilities, Amended. Approved fire apparatus access roads shall be provided for every building, facility or portion of a building hereafter constructed or moved into or within the jurisdiction. The fire apparatus access road shall comply with the requirements of this section and shall extend to within 150 feet (45 720 mm) of all portions of the facility and all portions of the exterior walls of the first story of the building as measured by an approved route around the exterior of the building or facility.

Exceptions:

1. The fire code official is authorized to increase the dimension of 150 feet (45 720 mm) where:

1.1 Reserved.

1.2. Fire apparatus access roads cannot be installed because of location on property, topography, waterways, nonnegotiable grades or other similar conditions, and an approved alternative means of fire protection is provided.

1.3. There are not more than two Group R-3 or Group U occupancies.

2. Reserved.

17.56.160 CFC Section 503.2.1 Dimensions, Amended. Fire apparatus access roads shall have an unobstructed width of not less than 24 feet (7315 mm), exclusive of shoulders, except for approved security gates in accordance with Section 503.6, and an unobstructed vertical clearance of not less than 13 feet 6 inches (4115 mm). Fire access roadways adjacent to the front of commercial buildings shall be a minimum of 26 feet in width. The fire access roads shall comply with the requirements stated in City Specification #401 dated November 2015.

17.56.170 CFC Section 503.2.3 Surface, Amended. Fire apparatus access roads shall be designed and maintained to support the imposed loads of all fire apparatus and shall be surfaced so as to provide all-weather driving conditions.

17.56.180 CFC Section 503.2.4 Turning radius, Amended. The required turning radius of a fire apparatus access road shall be determined by the fire code official. Fire access road turns and corners shall be designed with a minimum inner radius of 17 feet and an outer radius of 45 feet. Radius must be concentric.

17.56.190 CFC Section 503.2.5 Dead ends, Amended. Dead-end fire apparatus access roads in excess of 150 feet (45 720 mm) in length shall be provided with an approved area for turning around fire apparatus. Roads 600 feet or longer in length may not terminate in a radius or hammerhead turnabout, but must become part of an inter-tying loop circulation system. Turn arounds within fire apparatus access roads shall comply with the requirements specified in City Specification #401 dated November 2015.

17.56.200 CFC Section 503.6 Security gates, Amended. The installation of security gates across a fire apparatus access road shall be approved by the fire code official. Where security gates are installed, they shall have an approved means of emergency operation. The security gates and the emergency operation shall be maintained operational at all times. Secured non-automated vehicle gates or entries shall utilize an approved padlock or chain (maximum link or lock shackle size of ¼ inch) when required by a fire code official. Secured automated vehicle entry gates or entries shall utilize a combination of an Opticom strobe-activated switch and an approved Knox key electric switch when required by a fire code official. Gate arms securing parking lots and parking structures shall be equipped with a fire department approved dual-keyed Knox key electric switch. When activated, the arm or arms shall open to allow fire department and law enforcement access. Approved security gates shall be a minimum of 24 feet in unobstructed drive width. Multiple travel lane security gates shall be a minimum of 14 feet in unobstructed drive width on each side. An unobstructed vertical clearance of not

less than 13 feet 6 inches (4115 mm) shall be provided and maintained. Secured automated vehicle gates or entries shall utilize a straight 30 feet approach and departure, measured from the furthest related gate, island, guard shack structure or other obstructions. Electric gate key switches, padlocks and lock boxes for accessing properties shall be sub-mastered for law enforcement access. Sub-mastering lock boxes for building access is not required. In the event of a power failure, the gates shall be defaulted or automatically transferred to a fail safe mode allowing the gate to be pushed open without the use of special knowledge or any equipment. If a two-gate system is used, the override switch must open both gates. If there is no sensing device that will automatically open the gates for exiting, a fire department approved Knox electrical override switch shall be placed on each side of the gate in an approved location. A final field inspection by the fire code official or an authorized representative is required before electronically controlled gates may become operative. Prior to final inspection, electronic gates shall remain in a locked-open position. Electric gate operators, where provided, shall be *listed* in accordance with UL 325. Gates intended for automatic operation shall be designed, constructed and installed to comply with the requirements of ASTM F 2200.

17.56.210 CFC Section 505.1 Address identification, Amended. New and existing buildings shall have approved address identification. The address identification shall be legible and placed in a position that is plainly legible and visible from the street or road fronting the property. Address identification shall contrast with their background. Where required by the fire code official, address numbers shall be provided in additional approved locations to facilitate emergency response. Address numbers shall be Arabic numbers or alphabetical letters. Numbers shall not be spelled out. Each character shall be not less than 4 inches (102 mm) high with a minimum stroke width of 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) for single-family residences. All multi-family, multi-retail and multi-commercial occupancies shall have a minimum of 6 inch high numbers, with a minimum one-and-one-half inch (1 ½ ") stroke. All light and heavy industrial occupancies shall have a minimum of 10 inch high numbers, with a minimum one-and-one-half inch (1 ½ ") stroke. All complexes that are three (3) stories or greater in height and/or have two (2) or more building units shall have a minimum of 10 inch high numbers, with a one-and-one-half inch (1 ½ ") stroke. All multi-family, multi-industrial and multi-industrial occupancies shall identify individual units with numbers a minimum of 4 inches, affixed to the unit's front door entrance or frame. All buildings with a rear door access shall identify that unit with the proper numbers affixed to the door or frame. All buildings with two (2) or more units shall identify utility meters according to the unit being serviced. Numbers shall be affixed on a structure in clear view, unobstructed by trees or shrubs. Where access is by means of a private road and the building cannot be viewed from the public way, a monument, pole or other sign or means shall be used to identify the structure. Address numbers visible from a street other than the original addressing street shall have the street name added to the address numbers. Address numbers shall be maintained.

17.56.220 CFC Section 506.1 Where required, Amended. Where access to or within a structure or an area is restricted because of secured openings or where immediate access is necessary for life-saving or fire-fighting purposes, the fire code official is authorized to require a key box to be installed in an approved location. Unless

determined otherwise by the fire code official, key boxes are required for all structures with fire alarm or sprinkler systems which are connected to a monitoring service. The key box shall be of an approved type and shall contain keys to gain necessary access as required by the fire code official. Key boxes for accessing properties shall be sub-mastered for law enforcement access. Sub-mastering key boxes for building access is not required. Secured emergency access gates serving apartment, town home or condominium complex courtyard, paseos, pool, Jacuzzi, sauna, or spa areas must be secured with a key box in addition to association or facility locks. The nominal height of Knox lock box installations shall be 5 feet above grade. Location and installation of Knox key boxes must be approved by the fire code official.

17.56.230 CFC Section 507.1 Required water supply, Amended. An approved water supply capable of supplying the required fire flow for fire protection shall be provided to premises upon which facilities, buildings or portions of buildings are hereafter constructed or moved into or within the jurisdiction.

Exception:

Title 25 California Code of Regulations, Chapter 2, Subchapter 1, Article 6 – Fire Protection Standards for Parks – is hereby adopted by reference, and applies to all existing mobile home parks licensed by the State of California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD), notwithstanding any contrary provisions as set forth in Title 25, Section 1304(a).

17.56.240 CFC Section 507.5 Fire hydrant systems, Amended. Fire hydrant systems shall comply with Sections 507.5.1 through 507.5.7 and Appendix C, or by an approved method. Minimum fire hydrant spacing for multi-family residential (triplexes or greater, apartment houses, hotels, convents or monasteries) and all commercial or industrial properties shall be spaced not more than 300 feet along streets or fire apparatus access roadways, so that all fire apparatus-accessible portions of the building are within 150 feet of a hydrant. Minimum fire hydrant spacing for single family detached and duplex residential dwellings shall be not more than 500 feet along the street or fire apparatus access roadways, so that each dwelling is within 300 feet of a hydrant.

17.56.250 CFC Section 507.5.7 Fire hydrant supply connections, Added. It shall be prohibited for underground water supply lines with a single connection from a municipal main to supply both fire hydrants and fire suppression systems. Looped supply lines that are supplied from two points of connection shall be allowed for hydrants and fire suppression system supplies.

17.56.260 CFC Section 510.6.1 Testing and proof of compliance, Amended. The emergency responder radio coverage system shall be inspected and tested annually or whenever structural changes occur including additions or remodels that could materially change the original field performance tests. Testing shall consist of the following:

1. In-building coverage test as described in Section 510.5.3.

2. Signal boosters shall be tested to ensure that the gain is the same as it was upon initial installation and acceptance.

3. Backup batteries and power supplies shall be tested under load of a period of one hour to verify that they will properly operate during an actual power outage. If within the 1-hour test period the battery exhibits symptoms of failure, the test shall be extended for additional 1-hour periods until the integrity of the battery can be determined.

4. All other active components shall be checked to verify operation within the manufacturer's specifications.

5. At the conclusion of the testing, a report, which shall verify compliance with Section 510.5.3, shall be submitted to the fire code official. In addition, one complete copy of the report shall be posted in the building, on the wall immediately adjacent to the Fire Alarm Control Panel.

17.56.270 CFC Section 606.10.1.2 Manual operation, Amended. When required by the fire code official, automatic crossover valves shall be capable of manual operation. The manual valves shall be located in an approved location immediately outside of the machinery room, in a secure metal box or equivalent and marked as Emergency Controls.

17.56.280 CFC Section 901.6 Inspection, testing and maintenance, Amended. Fire detection, alarm, and extinguishing systems, methane detection, alarm and associated methane mitigation equipment, mechanical smoke exhaust systems, and smoke and heat vents shall be maintained in an operative condition at all times, and shall be replaced or repaired where defective.

All fire alarm systems, fire detection systems, automatic sprinkler or extinguishing systems, methane detection, alarm and associated methane mitigation equipment, communication systems, and all other equipment, material or systems required by these regulations shall be maintained in an operable condition at all times in accordance with this code and California Code of Regulations, Title 19, Division 1. Upon disruption or diminishment of the fire protective qualities of such equipment, material or systems, immediate action shall be instituted to effect a reestablishment of such equipment material or systems to their original normal and operational condition.

The fire code official may require annual inspection, testing, and maintenance of methane detection, alarm, and associated methane mitigation equipment.

17.56.290 CFC Section 901.6.2.2 Fire alarm tag, Added. A durable tag shall be conspicuously affixed to the main fire alarm panel on all fire alarm systems and will display the following information relative to the performance of annual inspection, testing and maintenance:

1. Company name

2. Company address
3. Company telephone number
4. License number with type
5. Printed name of technician/tester
6. Signature of technician/tester
7. Date of service- including month, day and year
8. Type of service performed

17.56.300 CFC Section 903.2 Where Required, Amended. Approved automatic sprinkler systems in new buildings and structures as well as existing buildings and structures, as required by Section 1103.5.5, shall be provided in the locations described in Sections 903.2.1 through 903.2.12. In no case, where the provisions of Section 903 of this code are applicable, and notwithstanding any less restrictive provisions or exceptions, shall a building or structure be constructed or modified to exceed 10,000 square feet in total gross floor area, or 5,000 square feet in gross floor area per fire area, without approved automatic sprinkler systems being provided throughout the building or fire area, respectively.

17.56.310 CFC Section 903.2.1.8 Group B, Added. An automatic sprinkler system shall be provided throughout buildings containing Group B occupancy where one of the following conditions exists:

1. Where a Group B fire area exceeds 5,000 square feet.
2. Where a Group B fire area is located more than three stories above grade plane.

17.56.320 CFC Section 903.2.4 Group F, Amended. An automatic sprinkler system shall be provided throughout all buildings containing a Group F occupancy where one of the following conditions exists:

1. A Group F fire area exceeds 5,000 square feet.
2. A Group F fire area is located more than three stories above grade plane.
3. Reserve
4. A Group F occupancy used for the manufacture of upholstered furniture or mattresses exceeds 2,500 square feet (232 m²).

17.56.330 CFC Section 903.3.1.1.1 Exempt location, Amended. In other than Group I-2, I-2.1 and I-3 occupancies, automatic sprinklers shall not be required in the following rooms or areas where such rooms or areas are protected with an approved automatic fire detection system in accordance with Section 907.2 that will respond to visible or invisible particles of combustion. Sprinklers shall not be omitted from any room merely because it is damp, of fire-resistance rated construction or contains electrical equipment.

1. Any room where the application of water, or flame and water, constitutes a serious life or fire hazard.
2. Any room or space where sprinklers are considered undesirable because of the nature of the contents, when approved by the fire code official.
3. Fire service access elevator machine rooms and machinery spaces.
4. Machine rooms, machinery spaces, control rooms, and control spaces with occupant evacuation elevators designed in accordance with Section 3008 of the California Building Code.
5. When approved by the fire code official, spaces or areas in telecommunications buildings used exclusively for telecommunications equipment, and associated electrical power distribution equipment, provided those spaces or areas are equipped throughout with an automatic smoke detection system in accordance with Section 907.2 and are separated from the remainder of the building by not less than 1-hour fire barriers constructed in accordance with Section 707 of the California Building Code or not less than 2-hour horizontal assemblies constructed in accordance with Section 712 of the California Building Code, or both.
6. Solar photovoltaic panel structures with no use underneath. Signs may be provided, as determined by the enforcing agency prohibiting any use underneath including storage.
7. Solar photovoltaic (PV) panels supported by framing that have sufficient uniformly distributed and unobstructed openings throughout the top of the array (horizontal plane) to allow heat and gases to escape, as determined by the enforcing agency.

17.56.340 CFC Section 903.3.5.3 Hydraulic calculations margin, Added. Fire protection system hydraulic calculations shall include a 10 percent safety margin between the available water supply and the required system supply.

17.56.350 CFC Section 903.4 Sprinkler system supervision and alarms, Amended. All valves controlling the water supply for automatic sprinkler systems, pumps, tanks, water levels and temperatures, critical air pressures and water-flow switches on all sprinkler systems shall be electrically supervised by a listed fire alarm control unit.

Exceptions:

1. Automatic sprinkler systems protecting one- and two-family dwellings.
2. Limited area systems in accordance with Section 903.3.8.
3. Reserved.
4. Jockey pump control valves that are sealed or locked in the open position.
5. Reserved.
6. Valves controlling the fuel supply to fire pump engines that are sealed or locked in the open position.

7. Trim valves to pressure switches in dry, pre-action and deluge sprinkler systems that are sealed or locked in the open position.

17.56.360 CFC Section 907.1 General, Amended. This section covers the application, installation, performance and maintenance of fire alarm systems and their components in new and existing buildings and structures. The requirements of Section 907.2 are applicable to new buildings and structures. The requirements of Section 907.2 are also applicable to existing buildings and structures as required by section 907.9.

17.56.370 CFC Section 914.2.1 Automatic sprinkler system, Amended. Covered and open mall buildings and buildings connected shall be equipped throughout with an automatic sprinkler system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1, which shall comply with the following:

1. The automatic sprinkler system shall be complete and operative throughout occupied space in the covered mall building prior to occupancy of any of the tenant spaces. Unoccupied tenant spaces shall be similarly protected unless provided with approved alternate protection.
2. Sprinkler protection for the mall of a covered mall building shall be independent from that provided for tenant spaces or anchor buildings.
3. Sprinkler protection for the tenant spaces of an open mall building shall be independent from that provided for anchor buildings.
4. Sprinkler protection shall be provided beneath exterior circulation balconies located adjacent to an open mall.
5. Where tenant spaces are supplied by the same system, they shall be independently controlled.

Exception: Reserved.

17.56.380 CFC Section 914.3.1 Automatic sprinkler system, Amended. Buildings and structures shall be equipped throughout with an automatic sprinkler system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1 and a secondary water supply where required by Section 914.3.2. A sprinkler water-flow alarm initiating device and a control valve with a supervisory signal-initiating device shall be provided at the lateral connection to the riser on each floor.

Exception: Reserved.

17.56.390 CFC Section 914.6.1 Automatic sprinkler system, Amended. Stages shall be equipped with an automatic fire-extinguishing system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1. Sprinklers shall be installed under the roof and gridiron and under all catwalks and galleries over the stage. Sprinklers shall be installed in dressing rooms, performer lounges, shops and storerooms accessory to such stages.

Exceptions:

1. Reserved.

2. Reserved.

3. Reserved.

17.56.400 CFC Section 1103.5 Sprinkler systems, Amended. An automatic sprinkler system shall be provided in existing buildings in accordance with Sections 1103.5.1 through 1103.5.5.

17.56.410 CFC Section 1103.5.5 Tenant improvements, Added. Section 903 shall apply to existing occupancies/tenant space undergoing tenant improvement as follows:

1. Occupancy/tenant space undergoing tenant improvement where the square footage of the space is being increased.
2. Occupancy/tenant space where there is a change in occupancy classification to an assembly, educational, institutional, hazardous, or residential use.
3. Occupancy/tenant space where the entire roof structure is to be removed during the improvement.
4. Assembly occupancy that increases the maximum occupant load to exceed 299 persons.

Exceptions:

1. Existing Group R-3 occupancies that will remain below a gross floor area of 5,000 square feet.
2. Existing Group R-2 occupancies where the tenant improvement is in only one unit.

17.56.420 CFC Section 1103.7 Fire alarm systems, Amended. An approved fire alarm system shall be installed in existing buildings and structures in accordance with Sections 1103.7.1 through 1103.7.10 and provide occupant notification in accordance with Section 907.5 unless other requirements are provided by other sections of this code. Existing high-rise buildings shall comply with Section 1103.7.8 and 1103.7.9.

Exception: Occupancies with an existing, previously *approved* fire alarm system.

17.56.430 CFC Section 1103.7.10 Tenant improvements, Added. Section 907 shall apply to existing occupancies/tenant space undergoing tenant improvement as follows:

1. Occupancy/tenant space undergoing tenant improvement where the square footage of the space is being increased.

2. Occupancy/tenant space where there is a change in occupancy classification to an assembly, educational, institutional, hazardous, or residential use.
3. Occupancy/tenant space where the entire roof structure is to be removed during the improvement.
4. Assembly occupancy that increases the maximum occupant load to exceed 299 persons.

Exception: The fire code official may waive this requirement based on the scope of the project.

17.56.440 CFC Section 2306.2.3 Above-ground tanks located outside, above grade, Amended. Above-ground tanks shall not be used for the storage of Class I, II, or III liquid motor fuels, except as provided by this section.

1. Above-ground tanks used for outside, above-grade storage of Class I liquids shall be listed and labeled as protected above ground tanks in accordance with UL 2085 and shall be in accordance with Chapter 57. Such tanks shall be located in accordance with Table 2306.2.3.
2. Above-ground tanks used for outside, above-grade storage of Class II or IIIA liquids shall be listed and labeled as protected above-ground tanks in accordance with UL 2085 and shall be installed in accordance with Chapter 57. Tank locations shall be in accordance with Table 2306.2.3.

Exception: Other above-ground tanks that comply with Chapter 57 where approved by the fire code official.

3. Tanks containing fuels shall not exceed 2,200 gallons (8,327 L). Aggregate quantities greater than 2,200 gallons at a single site requires approval by the fire code official.
4. Tanks located at farms, construction projects, or rural areas shall comply with section 5706.2
5. Above-ground tanks used for outside above-grade storage of Class IIIB liquid motor fuel shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 142 or listed and labeled as protected above-ground tanks in accordance with UL 2085 and shall be installed in accordance with Chapter 57. Tank locations shall be in accordance with Table 2306.2.3.

17.56.450 CFC Section 2306.2.4.1 Tank capacity limits, Amended. Tanks storing Class I and Class II liquids at an individual site shall be limited to a maximum individual capacity of 2,200 gallons (8,327 L). Aggregate quantities greater than 2,200 gallons (8,327 L) at a single site requires approval by the fire code official.

17.56.460 CFC Section 2306.2.4.2 Fleet vehicle motor fuel-dispensing facilities, Amended. Tanks storing Class II and Class IIIA liquids at a fleet vehicle motor fuel-dispensing facility shall be limited to a maximum individual capacity of 2,200 gallons (8,327 L). Aggregate quantities greater than 2,200 gallons (8,327 L) at a single site requires approval by the fire code official.

17.56.470 CFC Section 2306.2.6 Special enclosures, Amended. Where installation of tanks in accordance with Section 5704.2.11 is impractical, or because of property or building limitations, tanks for liquid motor fuels are allowed to be installed in buildings in special enclosures in accordance with all of the following:

1. The special enclosures shall be liquid tight and vapor tight.
2. The special enclosure shall not contain backfill.
3. Side, top and bottom of the special enclosure shall be reinforced concrete at least 6 inches (152 mm) thick, with openings for inspection through the top only.
4. Tanks connections shall be piped or closed such that neither vapors nor liquid can escape into the enclosed space between the special enclosure and any tanks inside the special enclosure.
5. Means shall be provided whereby portable equipment can be employed to discharge to the outside any vapors which might accumulate inside the special enclosure should a leakage occur.
6. Tanks containing Class I, II, or IIIA liquids inside a special enclosure shall not exceed 2,200 gallons (8,327 L) in individual capacity. Aggregate quantities greater than 2,200 gallons (8,327 L) at a single site requires approval by the fire code official.
7. Each tank within special enclosures shall be surrounded by a clear space of not less than 3 feet (910 mm) to allow for maintenance and inspection.

17.56.480 CFC Section 3310.1 Required access, Amended. Approved vehicle access for fire fighting shall be provided to all construction or demolition sites. Vehicle access shall be provided to within 100 feet (30 480 mm) of temporary or permanent fire department connections. Vehicle access shall be provided by either temporary or permanent roads, capable of supporting vehicle loading under all weather conditions. Vehicle access shall be maintained until permanent fire apparatus access roads are available. Construction sites shall have a minimum of 6 foot perimeter security fencing with gates installed for fire apparatus access. Gate widths shall be a minimum of 24 feet for fire apparatus roadways and 6 feet for walk-in entry. Secured vehicle gates or entries shall utilize approved Knox padlock or entries shall utilize an approved padlock or chain (maximum link or lock shackle size of 1/4") when required by a fire code official. Temporary fire lane signs shall be provided and maintained to allow emergency access

during construction. Hydrants, fire department connections, and fire lanes shall be posted "Fire Lane – No Parking" when required by the fire code official.

17.56.490 CFC Section 3312.1 When required, Amended. An approved water supply for fire protection, either temporary or permanent, as approved by both the Fire and Public Works Departments, shall be made available as soon as combustible material arrives on the site.

17.56.500 CFC Section 3313.1 Where required, Amended. In buildings required to have standpipes by Section 905.3.1, not less than one standpipe shall be provided for use during construction. Such standpipe shall be provided with fire department hose connections at accessible locations adjacent to usable stairs. Such standpipes shall be extended as construction progresses to within one floor of the highest point of construction having secured decking or flooring.

17.56.510 CFC Section 3314.1.1 Function During Construction, Added. For buildings higher than a single story above grade, and under construction, an approved automatic sprinkler system shall be installed and shall be fully functional up to one floor below the highest point of construction having secured decking or flooring.

Exception: Buildings entirely of Type 1 or Type 2 construction.

17.56.520 CFC Section 3318 Owner's responsibility, Added. Necessary precautions and engineering controls shall be utilized to minimize the potential for false alarm activations caused by construction activity. False alarms caused by construction activity shall be treated as a system malfunction and may result in charges in accordance with the approved fee schedule.

17.56.530 CFC Section 5003.3.1.4 Responsibility for cleanup. The person, firm or corporation responsible for an unauthorized discharge shall institute and complete all actions necessary to remedy the effects of such unauthorized discharge, whether sudden or gradual, at no cost to the jurisdiction. When deemed necessary by the fire code official, cleanup may be initiated by the fire department or by an authorized individual or firm. Costs associated with such cleanup shall be borne by the owner, operator or other person responsible for the unauthorized discharge. Clean-up shall be in compliance with City Specification #431-92, Soil Quality Standard, dated January 2014.

17.56.540 CFC Section 5704.2.9.6.1 Locations where above-ground tanks are prohibited, Amended. The limits referred to herein prohibiting the storage of Class I and Class II liquids in outside, aboveground tanks are hereby established for all commercial land use districts as defined in the Huntington Beach Zoning and Subdivision Ordinance.

Exceptions:

1. Bulk plants may exist in I-G (General Industrial) zoned districts only.

2. Class III liquids classified as a crude oil may only be stored on properties with an O (oil operations, no drilling) or O1 (drilling allowed, subject to conditional use) suffix.
3. Class II liquids may be stored temporarily on construction sites with the approval of the fire code official.
4. Storage of Class I or Class II liquids in aboveground tanks is prohibited within the City of Huntington Beach except at the locations classified as Zone I-G (General Industrial) where permitted by a site plan use permit on property designated as potentially suitable for the uses permitted under these zone's classifications by the Huntington Beach Zoning and subdivision Ordinance as the same may be amended from time to time.

17.56.550 CFC Section 5704.2.11.1 Location, Amended. Flammable and combustible liquid storage tanks located underground, either outside or under buildings, shall be in accordance with all of the following:

1. Tanks shall be located with respect to existing foundations and supports such that the loads carried by the latter cannot be transmitted to the tank.
2. The distance from any part of a tank storing liquids to the nearest wall of a basement, pit, cellar, or lot line shall not be less than 3 feet (914 mm).
3. A minimum distance of 1 foot (305 mm), shell to shell, shall be maintained between underground tanks.
4. The installation of underground combustible/flammable liquid tanks is hereby prohibited in all residential districts. The fire code official may authorize installation of underground combustible/flammable liquid

17.56.560 CFC Section 5704.2.13.1.4 Tanks abandoned in place, Amended. Tanks shall not be abandoned in place.

17.56.570 CFC Section 5705.3.3 Heating Lighting and Cooking Appliances, Amended. Heating, lighting and cooking appliances which utilize Class I liquids shall not be operated within a building or structure.

Exception: Reserved

17.56.580 CFC Section 5705.3.7.5.1 Ventilation, Amended. Continuous mechanical ventilation shall be provided at a rate of not less than 1 cfm per square foot [0.00508m³/(s ×m²)] of floor area over the design area. Provisions shall be made for introduction of makeup air in such a manner to include all floor areas or pits where vapor can collect. Local or spot ventilation shall be provided when needed to prevent

the accumulation of hazardous vapors. Ventilation system design shall comply with the *California Building Code* and *California Mechanical Code*.

Exception: Reserved.

17.56.590 CFC Section 5706.2.4.4 Locations where above-ground tanks are prohibited, Amended. The limits referred to herein prohibiting the storage of Class I and II liquids in outside, aboveground tanks are hereby established for all commercial land use districts as defined in the Huntington Beach Zoning and Subdivision Ordinance.

Exceptions:

1. Bulk plants may exist in I-G (general industrial) zoned districts only.
2. Class III liquids classified as crude oil may only be stored on properties with an O (oil operations, no drilling) or O1 (drilling allowed, subject to conditional use) suffix.
3. Class II liquids may be stored temporarily on construction sites with the approval of the fire code official.
4. The storage of Class I and Class II liquids in aboveground tanks is prohibited within the City of Huntington Beach except at locations classified as Zone I-G (general industrial) where permitted by a site plan use permit on property designated as Huntington Beach Zoning and Subdivision Ordinance as the same may be amended from time to time.

17.56.600 CFC Section 5706.3 Well drilling and operating, Amended. Wells for oil production or injection, and wells for natural gas shall be drilled and operated in accordance with Section 5706.3.1.1 through 5706.3.8 and the Huntington Beach Oil Code (Huntington Beach Municipal Code Title 15) dated May 1990. Where there is a conflict between the California Fire Code and the Huntington Beach Oil Code, the most restrictive shall govern.

17.56.610 CFC Section 5801.1.1 Methane Soil Gas, Added. All sources of methane soil gas, including petrogenic and biogenic, must comply with City Specification #429, Methane Mitigation Requirements, dated September 2016. Methane soil gas testing, passive or active mitigation, and methane detection and alarm systems must all comply with City Specification #429, dated September 2016.

17.56.620 CFC Section 5806.2 Limitations, Amended. The limits referred to herein prohibiting the storage of flammable cryogenic fluids in stationary containers outside buildings are hereby established for all commercial land use districts as defined in the Huntington Beach Zoning and Subdivision Ordinance.

17.56.630 CFC Section 6104.2 Limitations, Amended. The limits referred to herein prohibiting the storage of liquefied petroleum gases for the protection of heavily

populated or congested areas are hereby established for all commercial land use districts as defined in the Huntington Beach Zoning and Subdivision Ordinance.

17.56.640 CFC Chapter 80, Amendments to NFPA 13-16

Section 6.7.2, Amended: Fire department connections (FDC) shall be of an approved type. The location shall be approved and be no more than 150 feet from a public or private hydrant. If the FDC serves a standpipe system, it shall be no more than 100 feet from a hydrant. The size of piping and the number of inlets shall be approved by the Fire code official. If approved by the H.B. Public Works Dept., it may be installed on the backflow assembly. Fire department inlet connections shall be painted OSHA safety red. When the fire sprinkler density design requires 500 gpm (including inside hose stream demand) or greater, or a standpipe system is included, four 2 ½" inlets shall be provided.

Section 8.17.1.1 Residential Water-flow Alarms, Amended. Local water-flow alarms shall be provided on all sprinkler systems and shall be connected to the building fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system where provided. Group R occupancies not requiring a fire alarm system by the California Fire Code shall be provided with at least one approved interior alarm device in each unit, or interconnection to the unit smoke alarm system. Sound levels in all sleeping areas shall be a minimum of 15 DBA above the average ambient sound or a minimum of 75 DBA with all intervening doors closed. Alarms shall be audible within all other living areas within each dwelling unit. When not connected to a fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system, audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection (GFI), serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

Section 8.17.2.4.6, Amended. Fire department connections shall be located at the nearest point of fire department apparatus accessibility or at a location approved by the authority having jurisdiction. They shall be installed immediately adjacent to the approved fire department access road and such that hose lines can be readily and conveniently attached to the inlets without interference from nearby objects including buildings, fence, posts, or other fire department connections.

Section 23.1.3 (43), Amended. Size and location of hydrants, showing size and number of outlets and if outlets are to be equipped with independent gate valves. Whether hose houses and equipment are to be provided, and by whom, shall be indicated. Static and residual hydrants that were used in the flow tests shall be shown. Water supply certification shall be not more than six months prior to the plan submittal to the authority having jurisdiction.

17.56.650 CFC Chapter 80, Amendments to NFPA 13D-16

Section 4.1.5, Added: Stock of Spare Sprinklers.

Section 4.1.5.1, Added: A supply of at least two sprinklers for each type shall be maintained on the premises so that any sprinklers that have operated or been damaged in any way can be promptly replaced.

Section 4.1.5.2, Added: The sprinklers shall correspond to the types and temperature ratings of the sprinklers in the property.

Section 4.1.5.3, Added: The sprinklers shall be kept in a cabinet located where the temperature to which they are subjected will at no time exceed 100 °F (38°C).

Section 4.1.5.4, Added: A special sprinkler wrench shall be provided and kept in the cabinet to be used in the removal and installation of sprinklers. One sprinkler wrench shall be provided for each type of sprinkler installed.

Section 7.1.2, Amended. The sprinkler system piping shall not have a separate control valve installed unless supervised by one of the following methods:

- (1) Central station, proprietary, or remote station alarm service.
- (2) Reserved.
- (3) Reserved.

Section 7.3, Pressure Gauges, Amended. At least one water pressure gauge shall be installed on the riser assembly.

Section 7.3.1, Reserved.

Section 7.6 Alarms, Amended. Exterior water flow alarm indicating devices shall be listed for outside service and audible from the street from which the house is addressed. Exterior audible devices shall be placed on the front or side of the structure and the location subject to final approval by the fire code official. Additional interior alarm devices shall be required to provide audibility throughout the structure. Sound levels in all sleeping areas with all intervening doors closed shall be a minimum of 15 dBA above the average ambient sound level but not less than 75 dBA. Audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

Exceptions:

1. When an approved water flow monitoring system is installed, interior audible devices may be powered through the fire alarm control panel.
2. When smoke detectors specified by the CBC or CRC are used to sound an interior alarm upon water flow switch activation.

17.56.655 CFC Chapter 80, Amendments to NFPA 13R-16

Section 6.16.1, Amended. A local waterflow alarm shall be provided on all sprinkler systems and shall be connected to the building fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system where provided. Group R occupancies containing less than the number of stories, dwelling units or occupant load specified in Chapter 9 of the California Fire Code as requiring a fire alarm system shall be provided with a minimum of one approved interior alarm device in each unit. Sound levels in all sleeping areas shall be a minimum of 15 dBA above the average ambient sound or a minimum of 75 dBA with all intervening doors closed. Alarms shall be audible within all other living areas within each dwelling unit. When not connected to a fire alarm, residential smoke detection or water-flow monitoring system, audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

There shall also be a minimum of one exterior alarm indicating device, listed for outside service and audible from the access roadway that serves that building.

17.56.660 CFC Chapter 80, Amendments to NFPA 14-13

Section 6.4.5.4.1, Amended. The fire department connection shall have *four* 2 ½ inch, internal threaded (NHS) inlets. The inlets shall be provided with approved caps to protect the system from entry of debris. The location of the FDC shall be approved and be no more than 100 feet from a public hydrant. If acceptable to the water authority, it may be installed on the backflow assembly. Fire department inlet connections shall be painted OSHA safety red.

17.56.670 CFC Chapter 80, Amendments to NFPA 24-16

5.9.1.3, Amended. Fire department connections shall be of an approved type and contain a minimum of two 2 ½ inch inlets. The location shall be approved and be no more than 150 feet from a public or private fire hydrant when serving a fire sprinkler system. When serving a standpipe system, it can be no more than 100 feet from a hydrant. If acceptable to the water authority, it may be installed on the backflow assembly. The supply pipe shall be painted OSHA safety red.

5.9.1.3.1, Added. When the sprinkler density design is 500 gpm (including the interior hose stream demand) or greater, or a standpipe system is included, four 2 ½" inlets shall be provided.

6.2.1.1, Added. The closest upstream indicating control valve to the riser shall be painted OSHA red.

6.2.9 (5), Reserved.

6.2.9 (6), Amended. Control valves installed in a fire-rated room accessible from the exterior. The exterior door to the room shall be provided with approved signage.

6.2.9 (7), Reserved.

6.3.3, Added. All post indicator valves controlling fire suppression water supplies shall be painted OSHA red.

10.1.1.3.2, Added. All ferrous pipe shall be coated and wrapped. Joints shall be coated and wrapped after assembly. All fittings shall be protected with a loose 8-mil polyethylene tube. The ends of the tube shall extend past the joint by a minimum of 12 inches and be sealed with 2 inch wide tape approved for underground use. Galvanizing does not meet the requirements of this section.

Exception: 316 Stainless Steel pipe and fittings.

10.4.1.1, Amended. All bolted joint accessories shall be cleaned and thoroughly coated with asphalt or other corrosion-retarding material, prior to poly-tube, and after installation.

10.4.1.4, Added. All bolts used in pipe-joint assembly shall be 316 stainless steel.

10.4.3.1, Amended. Private fire service mains supplying fire protection systems within the building shall be permitted to extend no more than 18 inches, as measured from the outside of the building to the center of the vertical pipe, under the building to the riser location. The pipe under the building or building foundation shall be 316 stainless steel and shall not contain mechanical joints.

10.4.3.1.1, Amended. Pipe Joints shall not be located under foundation footings. The pipe under the building or building foundation shall be 316 stainless steel and shall not contain mechanical joints.

10.4.3.2, Amended. Where approved, private fire service mains supplying systems within the building shall be permitted to extend more than 18 inches under the building when all the requirements of 10.4.3.2.1 through 10.4.3.2.4 are met.

17.56.680 CFC Chapter 80, Amendments to NFPA 72-16

14.2.2.2.3, Amended. If a deficiency is not corrected at the conclusion of system inspection, testing, or maintenance, the system owner or the owner's designated representative and fire code official shall be informed of the impairment in writing within 24 hours.

14.6.2.1, Amended. Upon completion of annual testing in accordance with section 14.4.3.2, records shall be sent to the fire authority having jurisdiction and records shall be retained until the next test and for 1 year thereafter.

14.6.2.1.1, Added. Upon completion of annual testing in accordance with section 14.4.3.2, a durable tag shall be conspicuously affixed to the main fire alarm panel on all fire alarm systems and will display the following information relative to the performance of annual inspection, testing and maintenance:

1. Company name
2. Company address
3. Company telephone number
4. License number with type
5. Printed name of contractor
6. Signature of contractor
7. Date of service- including month, day and year
8. Type of service performed

23.8.2.2, Amended. The fire alarm system components shall be permitted to share control equipment or shall be able to operate as stand-alone subsystems, but in any case, they shall be arranged to function as a single system in accordance with 23.8.2.4 through 23.8.2.10.

23.8.2.3, Reserved.

26.2.6.1, Amended. Supervising station customers or clients and the authority having jurisdiction shall be notified in writing within 7 days of any scheduled change in service that results in signals from the client's property being handled by a different supervising station or if the monitoring service is cancelled.

17.56.690 Appendix B, Fire-Flow Requirements for Buildings

B105.1 One- and two-family dwellings, Amended. The minimum fire-flow and flow duration requirements for one- and two-family dwellings, Group R-3 and R-4 buildings and townhouses shall be as specified in Tables B105.1(1) and B105.1(2).

Exception: When the building is equipped with an approved automatic sprinkler system, the fire flow requirements of Table B105.1 and B105.1(2) shall not be less than 1,000 gallons per minute (3785.4 L/min) for 1 hour.

SECTION 3. This Ordinance shall become effective on January 1, 2017.

PASSED AND ADOPTED in the City Council of the City of Huntington Beach at a regular meeting thereof held on the _____ day of _____, 2016.

Mayor

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

City Clerk

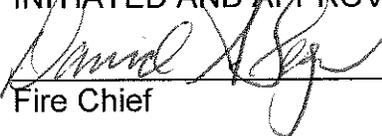


City Attorney DFO 10/14/16

REVIEWED AND APPROVED:

INITIATED AND APPROVED:

City Manager



Fire Chief

City of Huntington Beach

October 17, 2016

**PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE
2016 CALIFORNIA FIRE CODE
(CFC) WITH LOCAL AMENDMENTS**

Proposed Adoption of the 2016 CFC with Local Amendments

- The California Building Standards Code is updated on a triennial cycle and includes the CFC.
- CFC adopted by reference in the Huntington Beach Municipal Code Chapter 17.56 with amendments for local needs
- Most amendments are “carry over” with no changes from last code cycle
- Only one new amendment - 5801.1.1 Methane Soil Gas
 - Mirrors requirement for compliance with City Specifications #429, Methane Mitigation Requirements, as in HB Oil Code
 - Provides clarification and consistency
- Did not carry forward 18 amendments – streamlining unnecessary code changes